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## Structure Reports

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1-Phenyl-5-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]-sulfonyl]-1*H*-tetrazole

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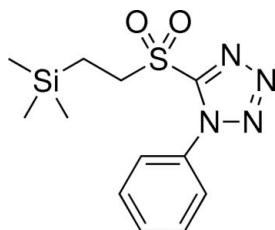
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 173$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.027;  $wR$  factor = 0.079; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.4.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2\text{SSi}$ , was synthesized to be employed in a Julia–Kocięński olefination. In the molecule, the dihedral angle between the phenyl ring and the tetrazole ring is  $41.50$  (5)°. The significantly longer Si–C(methylene) bond [1.8786 (13) Å] and the shortened adjacent C–C bond [1.5172 (18) Å], as well as the significant deviation of the corresponding Si–C–C angle [114.16 (9)°] from the ideal tetrahedral angle, can be attributed to the  $\beta$ -effect of silicon. In the crystal, molecules are held together by van der Waals interactions.

## Related literature

For Julia–Kocięński olefination, see: Blakemore *et al.* (1998). For the use of unsaturated  $\alpha$ -keto esters in intramolecular carbonyl-ene reactions in natural product synthesis, see: Helmboldt & Hiersemann (2009); Helmboldt *et al.* (2006); Schnabel & Hiersemann (2009); Schnabel *et al.* (2011) The title compound was synthesized using a reduction of ethyl 2-(trimethylsilyl)acetate (Gerlach, 1977) followed by a Mitsunobu reaction (Mitsunobu & Yamada, 1967; Mitsunobu *et al.*, 1967) and a subsequent Mo(VI)-catalyzed oxidation of the thioether (Schultz *et al.*, 1963).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2\text{SSi}$   
 $M_r = 310.45$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 11.3126$  (4) Å  
 $b = 13.2707$  (4) Å  
 $c = 10.8277$  (4) Å  
 $\beta = 106.902$  (4)°

$V = 1555.31$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.29$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 173$  K  
 $0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur S CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2008)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.868$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.944$

22841 measured reflections  
 3384 independent reflections  
 2961 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.079$   
 $S = 1.10$   
 3384 reflections

184 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2008); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis CCD*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5066).

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**supplementary materials**

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## 1-Phenyl-5-{[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl}-1*H*-tetrazole

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### Comment

On the search for an alternative synthetic route for the preparation of unsaturated  $\alpha$ -keto esters we envisioned the Julia–Kociński olefination (Blakemore *et al.*, 1998) as a key connecting step for the construction of the C=C-double bond. Unsaturated  $\alpha$ -keto esters have been successfully employed in intramolecular carbonyl-ene reactions in natural product synthesis (Helmboldt *et al.*, 2006; Helmboldt & Hiersemann, 2009; Schnabel & Hiersemann, 2009; Schnabel *et al.*, 2011). For the preparation of the title compound I, 1-phenyl-5-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl)thio)-1*H*-tetrazole was synthesized using a reduction of ethyl 2-(trimethylsilyl)acetate (Gerlach, 1977) followed by a Mitsunobu reaction (Mitsunobu & Yamada, 1967; Mitsunobu *et al.*, 1967). A subsequent Mo-(VI)-catalyzed oxidation of the thioether II (Schultz *et al.*, 1963) gave the title compound (I).

### Experimental

To a solution of II (6.07 g, 21.8 mmol, 1.0 eq) in ethanol (220 ml, 10 ml/mmol II) was added a solution of  $(\text{NH}_4)\text{Mo}_7\text{O}_{24}\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (2.70 g, 0.22 mmol, 0.1 eq) in 35% aqueous  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  (18.75 ml, 0.22 mol, 10.0 eq). After stirring at room temperature for 22 h the reaction mixture was diluted with aqueous  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  solution and methylene chloride. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (3x). The combined organic phases were washed with water (3x), dried over anhydrous  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure (323 K, 0.05 mbar) to afford I (6.72 g, 21.7 mmol, 99%) as crystals. Single crystals of I were obtained by recrystallization from *n*-pentane to give colorless cuboids:  $R_f$  0.63 (cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 5/1);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz,  $\delta$ ): 0.11 (s, 9H), 1.10–1.16 (m, 2H), 3.64–3.70 (m, 2H), 7.61–7.70 (m, 5H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 101 MHz,  $\delta$ ): -1.8 (3x $\text{CH}_3$ ), 8.4 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 53.3 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 125.3 (2xCH), 129.9 (2xCH), 131.7 (CH), 133.3 (C), 153.5 (C); IR ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2955 (w) ( $\nu_{\text{as,s}}$  C—H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 1496 (*m*) ( $\nu$  C=C, Ar), 1426 (w), 1347 (*s*) ( $\nu$   $\text{R}_2\text{SO}_2$ ), 1251 (*m*), 1172 (*m*), 1152 (*s*), 1111 (w), 1014 (w), 834 (*m*); Anal. Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2\text{SSi}$ : C, 46.4; H, 5.8; N, 18.1; Found: C, 46.4; H, 5.8; N, 17.9;  $M = 310.45$  g/mol.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed at idealised positions and refined as riding [C-H = 0.95 Å (aromatic C), 0.99 Å ( $\text{CH}_2$  and 0.98 Å ( $\text{CH}_3$ ),  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  (aromatic and  $\text{CH}_2$ ) and 1.5  $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  ( $\text{CH}_3$ )].

## Figures

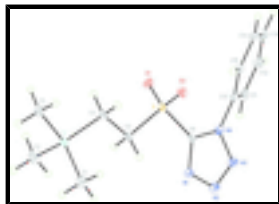


Fig. 1. : The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the labelling of all non-H atoms. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 30% probability level.

## 1-Phenyl-5-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl]-1H-tetrazole

### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{18}N_4O_2SSi$	$F(000) = 656$
$M_r = 310.45$	$D_x = 1.326 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 16653 reflections
$a = 11.3126 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.4\text{--}29.2^\circ$
$b = 13.2707 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 10.8277 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 173 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 106.902 (4)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$V = 1555.31 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur S CCD diffractometer	3384 independent reflections
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source graphite	2961 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $16.0560 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
$\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>Crys.Alis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2008)	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.868$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.944$	$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$
22841 measured reflections	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.079$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.10$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0465P)^2 + 0.3668P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

3384 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
184 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Experimental.** CrysAlis RED, Oxford Diffraction Ltd., Version 1.171.32.37 (release 24-10-2008) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Si	0.47993 (3)	0.79710 (3)	1.25192 (3)	0.01949 (10)
C1	0.47042 (15)	0.87175 (12)	1.39384 (14)	0.0341 (3)
H1A	0.3933	0.8557	1.4135	0.051*
H1B	0.4722	0.9438	1.3744	0.051*
H1C	0.5408	0.8552	1.4684	0.051*
C2	0.61720 (14)	0.83876 (13)	1.20403 (15)	0.0346 (3)
H2A	0.6923	0.8247	1.2743	0.052*
H2B	0.6114	0.9113	1.1862	0.052*
H2C	0.6203	0.8022	1.1263	0.052*
C3	0.48654 (13)	0.66005 (11)	1.28620 (15)	0.0310 (3)
H3A	0.4895	0.6228	1.2090	0.046*
H3B	0.4130	0.6399	1.3105	0.046*
H3C	0.5607	0.6450	1.3573	0.046*
C4	0.33521 (12)	0.81809 (10)	1.11572 (13)	0.0255 (3)
H4A	0.3418	0.7802	1.0393	0.031*
H4B	0.2643	0.7903	1.1407	0.031*
C5	0.30914 (11)	0.92782 (10)	1.07831 (12)	0.0206 (3)
H5A	0.3797	0.9573	1.0541	0.025*
H5B	0.2977	0.9664	1.1523	0.025*
S	0.17351 (3)	0.93484 (2)	0.94605 (3)	0.01563 (9)
O1	0.19901 (9)	0.90232 (7)	0.83074 (9)	0.0253 (2)
O2	0.07296 (8)	0.89053 (7)	0.98167 (9)	0.0222 (2)
C6	0.14770 (11)	1.06672 (9)	0.93227 (12)	0.0162 (2)
N1	0.20780 (10)	1.12950 (8)	1.02188 (10)	0.0209 (2)
N2	0.16789 (11)	1.22251 (8)	0.97617 (11)	0.0253 (3)
N3	0.08670 (11)	1.21661 (8)	0.86430 (11)	0.0233 (2)
N4	0.07262 (9)	1.11767 (8)	0.83393 (10)	0.0172 (2)

## supplementary materials

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C10	-0.01458 (11)	1.08607 (10)	0.71540 (12)	0.0187 (3)
C11	-0.02014 (13)	1.14131 (11)	0.60586 (13)	0.0254 (3)
H11	0.0318	1.1982	0.6096	0.030*
C12	-0.10312 (14)	1.11189 (12)	0.49061 (13)	0.0320 (3)
H12	-0.1085	1.1485	0.4138	0.038*
C13	-0.17799 (14)	1.02960 (12)	0.48703 (14)	0.0331 (3)
H13	-0.2349	1.0098	0.4075	0.040*
C14	-0.17131 (13)	0.97537 (11)	0.59818 (14)	0.0295 (3)
H14	-0.2235	0.9187	0.5945	0.035*
C15	-0.08875 (12)	1.00359 (10)	0.71465 (13)	0.0223 (3)
H15	-0.0834	0.9672	0.7916	0.027*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Si	0.01680 (18)	0.01994 (18)	0.02019 (18)	0.00148 (13)	0.00294 (13)	0.00318 (13)
C1	0.0433 (9)	0.0335 (8)	0.0261 (7)	0.0030 (7)	0.0110 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C2	0.0267 (7)	0.0423 (9)	0.0372 (8)	-0.0053 (7)	0.0130 (6)	-0.0001 (7)
C3	0.0248 (7)	0.0253 (7)	0.0384 (8)	0.0043 (6)	0.0022 (6)	0.0080 (6)
C4	0.0224 (6)	0.0195 (6)	0.0288 (7)	0.0011 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0030 (5)
C5	0.0172 (6)	0.0206 (6)	0.0198 (6)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0015 (5)
S	0.01427 (15)	0.01592 (15)	0.01611 (15)	0.00142 (11)	0.00350 (11)	0.00039 (10)
O1	0.0287 (5)	0.0278 (5)	0.0199 (5)	0.0066 (4)	0.0081 (4)	-0.0022 (4)
O2	0.0181 (4)	0.0204 (5)	0.0283 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0069 (4)	0.0039 (4)
C6	0.0142 (5)	0.0170 (6)	0.0184 (6)	0.0009 (4)	0.0064 (4)	0.0012 (4)
N1	0.0185 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0242 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0055 (4)	-0.0021 (4)
N2	0.0255 (6)	0.0192 (6)	0.0300 (6)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0064 (5)	-0.0022 (5)
N3	0.0266 (6)	0.0157 (5)	0.0278 (6)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0081 (5)	-0.0010 (4)
N4	0.0188 (5)	0.0152 (5)	0.0182 (5)	0.0011 (4)	0.0064 (4)	0.0017 (4)
C10	0.0176 (6)	0.0202 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0052 (5)	0.0039 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C11	0.0289 (7)	0.0250 (7)	0.0233 (6)	0.0073 (6)	0.0092 (5)	0.0056 (5)
C12	0.0391 (8)	0.0355 (8)	0.0196 (7)	0.0160 (7)	0.0058 (6)	0.0050 (6)
C13	0.0326 (8)	0.0369 (8)	0.0223 (7)	0.0143 (7)	-0.0040 (6)	-0.0076 (6)
C14	0.0250 (7)	0.0250 (7)	0.0331 (8)	0.0032 (6)	-0.0004 (6)	-0.0061 (6)
C15	0.0218 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0224 (6)	0.0034 (5)	0.0039 (5)	0.0008 (5)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Si—C3	1.8534 (15)	S—O2	1.4295 (9)
Si—C1	1.8575 (15)	S—C6	1.7734 (13)
Si—C2	1.8586 (15)	C6—N1	1.3093 (16)
Si—C4	1.8786 (13)	C6—N4	1.3366 (15)
C1—H1A	0.9800	N1—N2	1.3573 (16)
C1—H1B	0.9800	N2—N3	1.2924 (16)
C1—H1C	0.9800	N3—N4	1.3517 (15)
C2—H2A	0.9800	N4—C10	1.4353 (15)
C2—H2B	0.9800	C10—C15	1.3778 (19)
C2—H2C	0.9800	C10—C11	1.3802 (18)
C3—H3A	0.9800	C11—C12	1.382 (2)

C3—H3B	0.9800	C11—H11	0.9500
C3—H3C	0.9800	C12—C13	1.376 (2)
C4—C5	1.5172 (18)	C12—H12	0.9500
C4—H4A	0.9900	C13—C14	1.385 (2)
C4—H4B	0.9900	C13—H13	0.9500
C5—S	1.7710 (12)	C14—C15	1.3850 (18)
C5—H5A	0.9900	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—H5B	0.9900	C15—H15	0.9500
S—O1	1.4275 (9)		
C3—Si—C1	111.49 (7)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.3
C3—Si—C2	111.06 (7)	O1—S—O2	119.38 (6)
C1—Si—C2	109.04 (8)	O1—S—C5	110.09 (6)
C3—Si—C4	106.14 (6)	O2—S—C5	109.30 (6)
C1—Si—C4	108.88 (7)	O1—S—C6	107.15 (6)
C2—Si—C4	110.18 (7)	O2—S—C6	107.71 (6)
Si—C1—H1A	109.5	C5—S—C6	101.69 (6)
Si—C1—H1B	109.5	N1—C6—N4	109.95 (11)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	N1—C6—S	121.89 (9)
Si—C1—H1C	109.5	N4—C6—S	128.11 (9)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C6—N1—N2	105.22 (10)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	N3—N2—N1	110.92 (10)
Si—C2—H2A	109.5	N2—N3—N4	106.75 (10)
Si—C2—H2B	109.5	C6—N4—N3	107.16 (10)
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	C6—N4—C10	132.60 (11)
Si—C2—H2C	109.5	N3—N4—C10	120.20 (10)
H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	C15—C10—C11	122.78 (12)
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C15—C10—N4	119.77 (11)
Si—C3—H3A	109.5	C11—C10—N4	117.45 (12)
Si—C3—H3B	109.5	C10—C11—C12	118.37 (14)
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	C10—C11—H11	120.8
Si—C3—H3C	109.5	C12—C11—H11	120.8
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C13—C12—C11	120.05 (13)
H3B—C3—H3C	109.5	C13—C12—H12	120.0
C5—C4—Si	114.16 (9)	C11—C12—H12	120.0
C5—C4—H4A	108.7	C12—C13—C14	120.69 (13)
Si—C4—H4A	108.7	C12—C13—H13	119.7
C5—C4—H4B	108.7	C14—C13—H13	119.7
Si—C4—H4B	108.7	C15—C14—C13	120.17 (14)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.6	C15—C14—H14	119.9
C4—C5—S	108.77 (9)	C13—C14—H14	119.9
C4—C5—H5A	109.9	C10—C15—C14	117.94 (13)
S—C5—H5A	109.9	C10—C15—H15	121.0
C4—C5—H5B	109.9	C14—C15—H15	121.0
S—C5—H5B	109.9		
C3—Si—C4—C5	176.60 (11)	S—C6—N4—N3	-177.75 (9)
C1—Si—C4—C5	56.46 (12)	N1—C6—N4—C10	-177.91 (11)
C2—Si—C4—C5	-63.07 (13)	S—C6—N4—C10	4.50 (19)
Si—C4—C5—S	178.07 (7)	N2—N3—N4—C6	0.40 (14)

## supplementary materials

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C4—C5—S—O1	-74.32 (11)	N2—N3—N4—C10	178.48 (10)
C4—C5—S—O2	58.65 (11)	C6—N4—C10—C15	40.14 (19)
C4—C5—S—C6	172.32 (9)	N3—N4—C10—C15	-137.36 (12)
O1—S—C6—N1	-127.27 (10)	C6—N4—C10—C11	-140.07 (13)
O2—S—C6—N1	103.12 (11)	N3—N4—C10—C11	42.42 (16)
C5—S—C6—N1	-11.74 (12)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (2)
O1—S—C6—N4	50.06 (12)	N4—C10—C11—C12	179.73 (12)
O2—S—C6—N4	-79.55 (12)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.3 (2)
C5—S—C6—N4	165.59 (11)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.0 (2)
N4—C6—N1—N2	-0.12 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.0 (2)
S—C6—N1—N2	177.64 (9)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.5 (2)
C6—N1—N2—N3	0.38 (14)	N4—C10—C15—C14	-179.75 (11)
N1—N2—N3—N4	-0.49 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.2 (2)
N1—C6—N4—N3	-0.17 (14)		



Fig. 1

